How to Use This Presentation

- Use the split screen editing view.
- Go through the bullet points on each slide then read the notes below. You may need to expand the note section to see them.
- Watch this video to see how speaker notes works:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rrml403OwWQ

Science

- What is science? Making assumptions or hypothesis, carrying out observations and experiments, drawing conclusions and generalization
- □ Causal relationships (A causes B to happen) vs. correlation
- ☐ Primary data vs. secondary or tertiary data
- ☐ Can you trust the Internet? Pseudoscience and urban myths...

Industrial Revolution and Scientific Management

- ☐ Industrial revolution and the use of machines
- □ Scientific Management: Fred Taylor applying scientific principles to management
- Divide and conquer: divide a complex task into smaller and more manageable steps then train people to specialize in it (McDonald's)
- ☐ Specialist vs. generalist approach

Micro Economics I

- Utilities: place, time, form, possession, transaction
- ☐ Production function: a set of ingredients/production factors and their relationships that make things happen
- □ Economies of scale (quantity/Costco) and scope (variety and coverage/Direct TV, Macy's)

Micro Economics I

- □ Place utilities: Casino ATMs w/ higher fees, expensive bottled water at Disneyland
- ☐ Time utilities: long stem roses on Valentine's Day, Halloween costume on Nov. 1
- ☐ Form utilities: Gogurt, baby carrots, Tyleno in liquid gel/chewable form
- ☐ Possession utilities: rental car, apartment
- ☐ Transaction utilities: Black Friday, Kohl's couponing, limited time offerings

Can You Identify These Utilities?













Micro Economics II

- Demand, willingness to pay: Tastes and needs (wants), income or wealth, substitute goods, complementary goods (examples?)
- ☐ Price elasticity or sensitivity of demand, elasticity of supply
- Barriers to entry and exit (cell phone contracts, storage rental, apartment move-in special)