Apply Boolean algebra rules in the following THREE questions.

QUESTION 25

What is the simplest form of the Boolean function y'. (x + y)?

- 1. y'.x
- 2. x + y
- 3. 1
- 4. x

QUESTION 26

What is the simplest form of the Boolean function (x' + y)(y' + z)(x + z')'?

- 1. 1
- 2. x'z
- 3. x'y' + yz
- 4. x' + y + z'

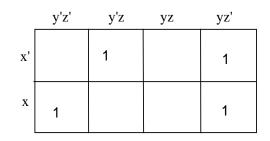
QUESTION 27

What is the simplest form of the Boolean function (x + xy) + xz?

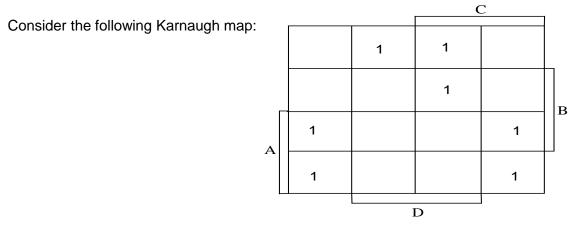
- 1. 0
- 2. x
- 3. xy
- 4. xy + z

Use the following Karnaugh diagram to determine the value of F(x,y,z) using minterms.

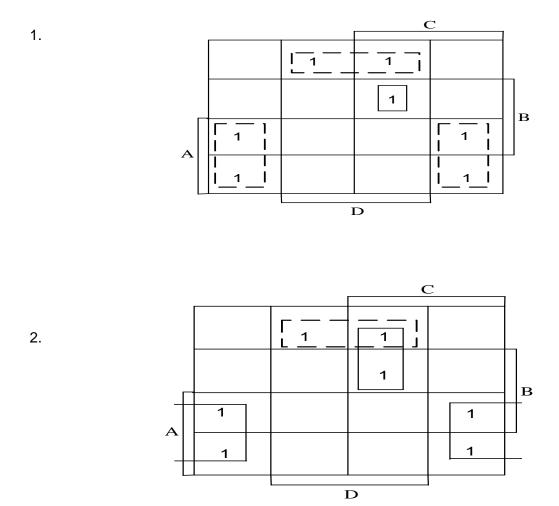
F(x,y,z) = _____?



- 1. $m_1 + m_2 + m_4 + m_6$
- 2. $m_1 + m_2 + m_5 + m_7$
- 3. $m_2 + m_3 + m_4 + m_7$
- 4. $m_1 + m_3 + m_4 + m_6$

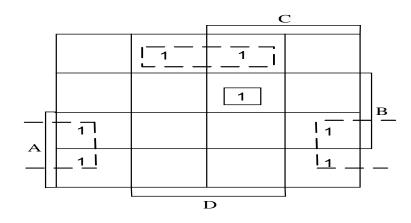


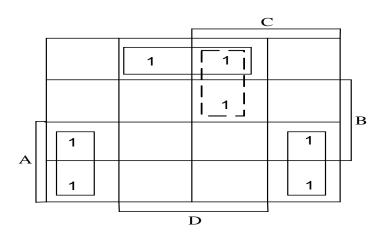
Which one of the following four Karnaugh maps reflects the correct forming of groups?



34

COS1521/101

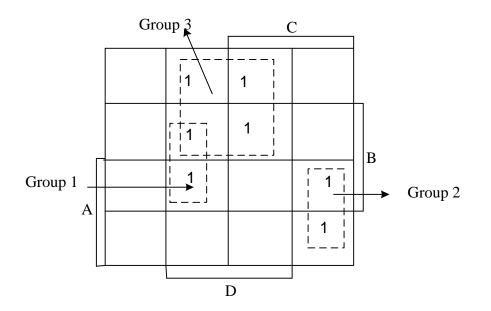




3.

4.

The next THREE questions refer to the Karnaugh map below:



QUESTION 30

Which term represents Group 1?

- 1. AC'
- 2. AB'C
- 3. BCD'
- 4. BC'D

QUESTION 31

Which term represents Group 2?

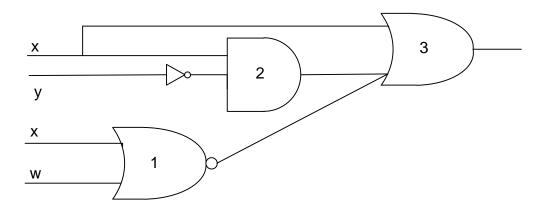
- 1. AD
- 2. ACD'
- 3. BC'D
- 4. ACD

QUESTION 32

Which term represents Group 3?

- 1. D
- 2. A'D
- 3. ACD'
- 4. B'C

The next THREE questions refer to the following combinational logic circuit:



QUESTION 33

What is the output of Gate 1?

- 1. x.w
- 2. x + w
- 3. (x + w)'
- 4. x' + w'

QUESTION 34

What is the output of Gate 2?

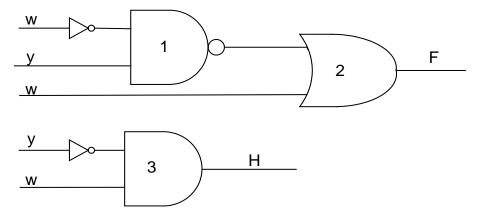
- 1. x + y
- 2. x.y'
- 3. (x + y)'
- 4. (x . y)'

QUESTION 35

What is the output of Gate 3?

- 1. x + x.y' + (x+w)'
- 2. x.w + x.y ' + x
- 3. x '+ w' + x + y '
- 4. x + y' + z

Consider the following two logic circuits:



These two logic circuits are not equivalent. F = (w'y)' + w and H = y'w. One of the three gates can be changed so that the circuits can become equivalent. Which gate can be changed and what kind of gate must it become?

- 1. Gate 3 must change to an OR gate.
- 2. Gate 1 must change to an OR gate.
- 3. Gate 2 must change to a NAND gate.
- 4. Gate 3 must change to a NOR gate.

Consider the following scenario:

Three family members, father, mother and daughter, go for the end-of-year holiday at a national park.

The father's phone, **Cell Phone A**, can only access Facebook and LinkedIn. The mother's phone, **Cell Phone B**, can only access LinkedIn and MySpace, and the daughter's phone, **Cell Phone C**, can only access Facebook and Twitter. This means that each phone can access only two social networking sites.

If the father does not forget and takes his Cell Phone A along for the holiday, then variable A = 1 (A = 0 if he forgets it). Likewise variable B = 1 if the mother takes her Cell Phone B along, and variable C = 1 if the daughter takes her Cell Phone C along. Nobody can take another's cell phone. For example, if A = 1, B = 1 and C = 0, it means that the father takes Cell Phone A along (there is access to Facebook and LinkedIn), and the mother takes Cell Phone B along (there is access to LinkedIn and MySpace). In this case the family will have access to only Facebook, LinkedIn and MySpace.

A Boolean function F(A,B,C) is defined as follows: F(A,B,C) = 1 when the family (Father, Mother and daughter together) have access to <u>at least</u> Facebook, Twitter and LinkedIn when on holiday, otherwise F(A,B,C) = 0.

Different combination inputs for A, B and C are given in the tables in the following FOUR questions. The question that should be answered in each case is: Which alternative shows the correct outputs for F?

QUESTION 37

			Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Alternative 4
Α	В	С	F	F	F	F
0	0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	1	0

QUESTION 38

			Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Alternative 4
Α	В	С	F	F	F	F
0	1	0	0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1	1	0	0

QUESTION 39

			Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Alternative 4
Α	В	С	F	F	F	F
1	0	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	1	0	1	0	1

			Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Alternative 4
Α	В	С	F	F	F	F
1	1	0	0	0	1	1
1	1	1	0	1	1	0